Memory Concerns Checklist I have trouble remembering events that happened recently I have trouble finding the right word I have trouble remembering the day and date I forget where things are usually kept I have difficulty adjusting to any changes in my day-to-day routine I have problems understanding magazine or newspaper articles or following a story in a book or on TV I find it hard to follow and join in conversations, particularly in groups I have problems handling financial matters, such as banking or calculating change I have difficulty with everyday activities such as remembering how long between visits from family or friends, or cooking a meal I have always cooked well I am losing interest in activities I'd normally enjoy I have difficulties thinking through problems

If you have ticked 'sometimes' or 'often' it is recommended that you see your doctor.

Family and/or friends have commented about

my poor memory

Other concerns:

About Alzheimer's Australia

Alzheimer's Australia is the national peak body representing people with dementia, their families and carers.

Alzheimer's Australia provides information, support, advocacy, education services and programs to improve the lives of people living with dementia.

Alzheimer's Australia is an advocate for people with dementia, their families and carers and encourages people with early stage dementia, their families and carers to share their voices and experiences and take part in advocacy opportunities.

More information

Further information about dementia and dementia risk reduction is available from Alzheimer's Australia.

Visit our website www.alzheimers.org.au

Phone the National Dementia Helpline 1800 100 500





www.alzheimers.org.au

National Dementia Helpline An Australian Government Initiative

1800 100 500



Here's what you can do...





Worried about your memory?

Feeling forgetful or confused?

Finding out if there is a problem is the first step to getting help

Have you become concerned about increasing lapses in memory, or other changes in thinking or behaviour for yourself, a family member or friend? Changes in memory and thinking have a number of possible causes that may include stress, depression, pain, chronic illness, medication or alcohol and sometimes it is a sign of early dementia. Major changes in memory are not normal at any age and should be taken seriously.

If you or someone you know is experiencing these kinds of difficulties it is better to see your doctor sooner rather than later.



Talking to your doctor

There is no single specific test that can show whether someone has dementia. A diagnosis is made by talking to you and perhaps a relative or friend to find out more about your difficulties with memory and thinking. You will also need a physical and neurological examination which will look at all other possible causes.

During the visit:

- Take your list of concerns with you it will provide a useful basis for further discussion and tests
- Talk to your doctor about your concerns honestly and openly, including how long you have been experiencing these problems
- Bring a list of the medications that you are taking including the doses (or bring all your tablets in a bag). Don't forget inhalers, creams, herbal medications and vitamins

Remember you can:

- · Ask for a longer appointment
- Take a relative, carer or friend with you
- Ask questions and request further explanations if you don't understand
- Take notes during the visit
- Discuss the option of further assessment by a specialist

The earlier you act the better

The symptoms may not be caused by dementia, but if they are, earlier diagnosis will be helpful. An early diagnosis means that you can have access to support, information and medication. People with a diagnosis of dementia should have an opportunity to participate in planning the rest of their lives and their finances as well as indicating their wishes regarding future care.

"We are glad we had that early diagnosis as we have been given the chance to change our lifestyle activities to match my capabilities and to make definite plans for the future."

Maria diagnosed with vascular dementia

"It was a relief to get the diagnosis — the worst was not knowing."

Fred diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease

What is dementia

Dementia is a general term to describe problems with progressive changes in memory and thinking. Alzheimer's disease is the most common type of dementia. Dementia can happen to anybody, but it becomes more common over the age of 65, and especially over the age of 75. Early signs may not be obvious — only a doctor or specialist can properly diagnose dementia.